





During the second quarter TVA announced the addition of new peaking capacity, which will allow TVA to continue offering competitively priced, dependable electricity. By June 2002, we will add 680 megawatts of peaking capacity by bringing eight additional combustion turbines on-line. This is in addition to our previously announced plans to add eight combustion turbines this summer, providing 600 megawatts of peaking capacity.

TVA's net income for the six months ending March 31 was \$112 million, an improvement of \$146 million from the net loss of \$34 million for the same period last year. These favorable results are attributable to a 2.7 percent increase in energy sales over the same period last year reflecting demand growth within the Tennessee Valley region, coupled with a \$59 million increase in pension income.

Everything we do at TVA to improve reliability and lower prices is directly related to our commitment to customer satisfaction. TVA demonstrated its commitment to meet the changing needs of its customers in an increasingly competitive marketplace. In April, we initiated a new "Wholesale Energy-to-Market" program for distributors of TVA power. Also in April, TVA began selling "green power" generated from solar, wind and landfill gas sources through Green Power Switch<sup>sm</sup>, one of three clean energy technologies nationwide to earn national accreditation.

TVA is firmly dedicated to supporting and enhanc-

ing the economic prosperity of the Tennessee Valley region. We will remain actively engaged in the national restructuring debate to promote legislation that is fair to all consumers and that fosters reliability, universal access, environmental stewardship, and economic development.

Craven Crowell

Chairman

#### **Financial Highlights (millions)**

Three Months Ended December 31	1999	1998_
Operating revenues	\$ 1,528	\$ 1,483
Operating expenses	(1,062)	(1,318)
Operating income	466	165
Other income (expense), net	3	(2)
Interest expense	(438)	(452)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		217
Net income (loss)	\$ 31	\$ (72)

#### Sales of Electricity (millions - kWh)

Total sales of electricity	37,656	35,984_
Federal agencies and other utilities	3,144	2,540
Industries directly served	5,876	5,578
Municipalities and cooperatives	28,636	27,866
Three Months Ended December 31	1999	1998_
3 .		

# **Results of Operations**

TVA had net income of \$31 million for the first quarter of fiscal year 2000 compared with a net loss of \$72 million for the same period last year.

# **Operating Revenues**

Operating revenues for the three months ended December 31, 1999, were \$1,528 million compared with \$1,483 million for the same period last year. The \$45 million increase was primarily due to an increase in energy sales of approximately 1.7 billion kWh (or 4.6 percent) reflecting demand growth within the Valley region.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses declined \$256 million from \$1,318 million for the three months ended December 31, 1998, to \$1,062 million for the three months ended December 31, 1999. Fuel and purchased power expense increased \$13 million during the period as a result of the increase in sales and generation, while operating and maintenance expenses declined \$55 million primarily due to the timing of outage activities and an increase in the actuarially-determined pension income. In addition, accelerated amortization expense declined \$217 million in fiscal year 2000 due to the non-recurring acceleration of the amortization of regulatory assets in the first quarter of last year (see Accounting Changes below).

### **Interest Expense**

Net interest expense declined \$14 million for the three months ended December 31, 1999, compared with the same period last year. This reduction primarily reflects a lower level of total outstanding debt during the first quarter of fiscal year 2000 compared with the first quarter of fiscal year 1999.

# 1999 Accounting Changes

Two accounting policy changes were adopted by TVA during the first quarter of fiscal year 1999. TVA changed its accounting policy regarding the method for determining the market-related value of pension assets. This change resulted in a one-time gain of approximately \$217 million and is presented on the Statement of

Operations under the caption "Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle." TVA also changed its accounting policy regarding the amortization of regulatory assets such that periodic amortization amounts may be adjusted as necessary to achieve the annual earnings levels set by the Board of Directors in connection with the rate review and budget approval process. TVA accelerated regulatory asset amortization by a corresponding \$217 million under the new policy in the first quarter of fiscal year 1999.

#### Financial Position

Net cash provided by operations increased \$143 million, from \$142 million to \$285 million for the three months ended December 31, 1998 and 1999, respectively. Net income increased \$103 million, from a \$72 million net loss for the first quarter of fiscal year 1999 to a \$31 million net income for the first quarter of fiscal year 2000. Items not requiring cash declined by \$11 million, and working capital requirements declined by \$51 million.

Net cash used in investing activities declined by \$14 million, from \$285 million for the first quarter of fiscal year 1999 to \$271 million for the first quarter of fiscal year 2000. Cash used for construction expenditures increased \$21 million for the fiscal year 2000 reporting period primarily due to the construction of natural-gas combustion turbines for new peaking capacity and capital spending for clean air projects. In addition, cash paid for nuclear enrichment and fabrication services declined \$30 million due to the timing of services received.

Cash flows used in financing activities decreased \$107 million, from \$223 million for the three months ended December 31, 1998, to \$116 million for the three months ended December 31, 1999. In the prior year, TVA reduced debt by approximately \$185 million in the first quarter. For fiscal year 2000, other financing costs increased a net of \$94 million primarily due to premiums paid to redeem approximately \$2 billion of power bonds to take advantage of the favorable interest rate environment.

#### Balance Sheets (unaudited)

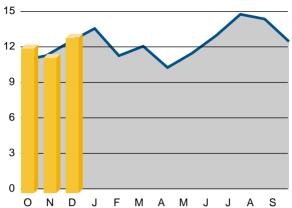
ACCETO	December 3 1999	31 September 30 1999	
ASSETS	(MIL	LIONS)	Operating revenues
Current assets			Sales of electricity
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1	\$ 103	Municipalities and cooperative
Accounts receivable	545	730	Industries directly served
Inventories at average cost and other			Federal agencies and other uti
Fuel	174	178	Other revenue
Other	308	307	Total operating revenues
Total current assets	1,028	1,318	
			Operating expenses
Property, plant, and equipment			Fuel and purchased power
Completed plant	29,651	29,569	Operating and maintenance
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,982)	(8,762)	Depreciation and amortization
Net completed plant	20,669	20,807	Tax-equivalents
Construction in progress	830	730	Accelerated amortization
Deferred nuclear generating units	6,321	6,320	
Nuclear fuel and capital leases	581_	560_	Total operating expenses
Total property, plant, and equipment	28,401	28,417	
			Operating income
Investment funds	835	731	Other income (expense), net
Deferred charges and other assets			Income before interest expense
Loans and other long-term receivables	131	122	cumulative effect of change in
Debt issue and reacquisition costs	1,358	1,188	accounting principle
Other deferred charges	1,488	1,610	
Total deferred charges and other assets	2,977	2,920	Interest expense
Total access		A 22.22/	Interest on debt
Total assets	\$ 33,241	\$ 33,386	Amortization of debt discount, is
			reacquisition costs, net
			Allowance for funds used during
LIABILITIES AND PROPRIETARY CAPITAL			Net interest expense
LIABILITIES AND PROPRIETARY CAPITAL			Cumulative effect of change in a
Current liabilities			principle
Accounts payable	\$ 380	\$ 493	principio
Accrued liabilities	171	178	Net Income (loss)
Accrued interest	334	464	
Short-term debt	3,915	982	
Current maturities of long-term debt	1,000	1,000	
Total current liabilities	5,800	3,117	Statements of Cash Flo
			Glaterilente er Gaerrin
Other liabilities	2,207	2,156	
			Cash flows from operating a
Long-term debt			Net income (loss)
Public bonds—senior	20,379	23,294	Net items not requiring cash
Public bonds—subordinated	1,100	1,100	Other changes, net
Unamortized discount and other	(473)	<u>(491)</u>	Net cash provided by operatio
Total long-term debt	21,006	23,903	Cash flows from investing ac
			Construction expenditures
Proprietary capital			Allowance for funds used during
Appropriation investment	543	548	Other, net
Retained earnings	3,685	3,662	Net cash used in investing acti
Total proprietary capital	4,228_	4,210	Cash flows from financing ac
Total liabilities and			Borrowings, net
Total liabilities and	A 22.244	Φ 22.227	Other
proprietary capital	\$ 33,241	\$ 33,386	Net cash used in financing acti
			Net change in cash and

# Statements of Operations (unaudited)

Statements of Operations (unauc	mea)	
	December 31 1999	December 31 1998
		LIONS)
Operating revenues		
Sales of electricity	¢ 1070	¢ 105/
Municipalities and cooperatives Industries directly served	\$ 1,278 155	\$ 1,256 143
Federal agencies and other utilities	78	68
Other revenue	17	16_
Total operating revenues	1,528	1,483
Operating expenses		
Fuel and purchased power	386	373
Operating and maintenance	305	360
Depreciation and amortization	294	294
Tax-equivalents	77	74
Accelerated amortization	_	217
Total operating expenses	1,062	1,318
Operating income	144	145
	466	165
Other income (expense), net	3	(2)
Income before interest expense and		
cumulative effect of change in	4/0	1/2
accounting principle	469	163
Interest expense		
Interest on debt	430	446
Amortization of debt discount, issue, and		
reacquisition costs, net	20	14
Allowance for funds used during construction	(12)	(8)
Net interest expense	438	452
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	_	217
Net Income (loss)	<u>\$ 31</u>	<u>\$ (72)</u>
Statements of Cash Flows (unaud	dited)	
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ 31	\$ (72)
Net items not requiring cash	326	337
Other changes, net	(72)	(123)
Net cash provided by operations	285	142
Cash flows from investing activities		
Construction expenditures	(203)	(182)
Allowance for funds used during construction Other, net	າ 12 (80)	(111)
Net cash used in investing activities	(271)	(111) (285)
Cash flows from financing activities	(=, ,)	(200)
Borrowings, net	16	(185)
Other	(132)	(38)
Net cash used in financing activities	(116)	(223)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (102)	\$ (366)
		- (550)

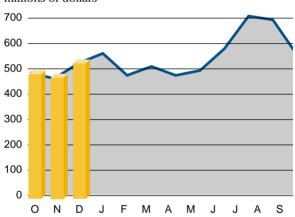
# **Total TVA Generation**

billions of kwh

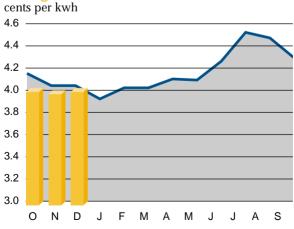


### **Total Electric Revenue**

millions of dollars



# Average Revenue



Tennessee Valley Authority 400 West Summit Hill Drive Knoxville, Tennessee 37902-1499 5M 1/00

Fiscal Year 2000
Fiscal Year 1999